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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

MICHAEL RHAMBO,

Plaintiff,

vs.

YEONG IE KHE D/B/A SUPER  
BURGER; BYUNG NAM KHE; and  
DOES 1 to 10,

Defendants.

**Case No.:**

COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE  
RELIEF AND DAMAGES FOR DENIAL  
OF CIVIL RIGHTS OF A DISABLED  
PERSON IN VIOLATIONS OF

1. AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES  
ACT, 42 U.S.C. §12131 et seq.;

2. CALIFORNIA'S UNRUH CIVIL  
RIGHTS ACT;

3. CALIFORNIA'S DISABLED  
PERSONS ACT;

4. CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY  
CODE;

5. NEGLIGENCE

Plaintiff MICHAEL RHAMBO ("Plaintiff") complains of Defendants YEONG IE  
KHE D/B/A SUPER BURGER; BYUNG NAM KHE; and DOES 1 to 10 ("Defendants")  
and alleges as follows:

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**PARTIES**

1  
2 1. Plaintiff is a California resident with a physical disability. Plaintiff suffers  
3 from paraplegia due to T12 vertebrae thoracic spinal cord injury and is substantially  
4 limited in his ability to walk. Plaintiff requires the use of a wheelchair at all times when  
5 traveling in public.

6 2. Defendants are, or were at the time of the incident, the real property owners,  
7 business operators, lessors and/or lessees of the real property for a restaurant  
8 (“Business”) located at or about 458 N. Altadena Dr., Pasadena, California.

9 3. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or  
10 otherwise of Defendant DOES 1 through 10, and each of them, are unknown to Plaintiff,  
11 who therefore sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will ask leave of  
12 Court to amend this Complaint when the true names and capacities have been  
13 ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believes and, based thereon, alleges that each such  
14 fictitiously named Defendants are responsible in some manner, and therefore, liable to  
15 Plaintiff for the acts herein alleged.

16 4. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that, at all relevant  
17 times, each of the Defendants was the agent, employee, or alter-ego of each of the other  
18 Defendants, and/or was acting in concert with each of the other Defendants, and in doing  
19 the things alleged herein was acting with the knowledge and consent of the other  
20 Defendants and within the course and scope of such agency or employment relationship.

21 5. Whenever and wherever reference is made in this Complaint to any act or  
22 failure to act by a defendant or Defendants, such allegations and references shall also be  
23 deemed to mean the acts and failures to act of each Defendant acting individually, jointly  
24 and severally.

**JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

25  
26 6. The Court has jurisdiction of this action pursuant to 28 USC §§ 1331 and  
27 1343 for violation of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, (42 USC §12101, *et*  
28 *seq.*).

7. Pursuant to pendant jurisdiction, attendant and related causes of action, arising from the same nucleus of operating facts, are also brought under California law, including, but not limited to, violations of California Civil Code §§51, 51.5, 52(a), 52.1, 54, 54., 54.3 and 55.

8. Plaintiff's claims are authorized by 28 USC §§ 2201 and 2202.

9. Venue is proper in this court pursuant to 28 USC §1391(b). The real property which is the subject of this action is located in this district, Los Angeles County, California, and that all actions complained of herein take place in this district.

## **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

10. In or about December of 2023, Plaintiff went to the Business.

11. The Business is a restaurant business establishment, open to the public, and is a place of public accommodation that affects commerce through its operation.

12. While attempting to enter the Business during each visit, Plaintiff personally encountered a number of barriers that interfered with his ability to use and enjoy the goods, services, privileges, and accommodations offered at the Business.

13. To the extent of Plaintiff's personal knowledge, the barriers at the Business included, but were not limited to, the following:

a. Defendants failed to provide a compliant sales and service counter.

The height of the counter was higher than the height allowed by the Standards.

14. These barriers and conditions denied Plaintiff the full and equal access to the Business and caused Plaintiff difficulty and frustration. Plaintiff wishes to return and patronize the Business; however, Plaintiff is deterred from visiting the Business because his knowledge of these violations prevents him from returning until the barriers are removed.

15. Based on the violations, Plaintiff alleges, on information and belief, that there are additional barriers to accessibility at the Business after further site inspection.

1 Plaintiff seeks to have all barriers related to his disability remedied. *See Doran v. 7-*  
2 *Eleven, Inc.* 524 F.3d 1034 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2008).

3 16. In addition, Plaintiff alleges, on information and belief, that Defendants  
4 knew that particular barriers render the Business inaccessible, violate state and federal  
5 law, and interfere with access for the physically disabled.

6 17. At all relevant times, Defendants had and still have control and dominion  
7 over the conditions at this location and had and still have the financial resources to  
8 remove these barriers without much difficulty or expenses to make the Business  
9 accessible to the physically disabled in compliance with ADDAG and Title 24  
10 regulations. Defendants have not removed such barriers and have not modified the  
11 Business to conform to accessibility regulations.

## 12 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

### 13 **VIOLATION OF THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT OF 1990**

14 18. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
15 paragraphs in this complaint.

16 19. Under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (“ADA”), no individual  
17 shall be discriminated against on the basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of  
18 the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations of any place of  
19 public accommodation by any person who owns, leases, or leases to, or operates a place  
20 of public accommodation. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a).

21 20. Discrimination, *inter alia*, includes:

- 22 a. A failure to make reasonable modification in policies, practices, or  
23 procedures, when such modifications are necessary to afford such  
24 goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations  
25 to individuals with disabilities, unless the entity can demonstrate that  
26 making such modifications would fundamentally alter the nature of  
27 such goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or  
28 accommodations. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(ii).

- 1           b.     A failure to take such steps as may be necessary to ensure that no  
2               individual with a disability is excluded, denied services, segregated or  
3               otherwise treated differently than other individuals because of the  
4               absence of auxiliary aids and services, unless the entity can  
5               demonstrate that taking such steps would fundamentally alter the  
6               nature of the good, service, facility, privilege, advantage, or  
7               accommodation being offered or would result in an undue burden. 42  
8               U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(iii).
- 9           c.     A failure to remove architectural barriers, and communication barriers  
10               that are structural in nature, in existing facilities, and transportation  
11               barriers in existing vehicles and rail passenger cars used by an  
12               establishment for transporting individuals (not including barriers that  
13               can only be removed through the retrofitting of vehicles or rail  
14               passenger cars by the installation of a hydraulic or other lift), where  
15               such removal is readily achievable. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv).
- 16          d.     A failure to make alterations in such a manner that, to the maximum  
17               extent feasible, the altered portions of the facility are readily  
18               accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities, including  
19               individuals who use wheelchairs or to ensure that, to the maximum  
20               extent feasible, the path of travel to the altered area and the  
21               bathrooms, telephones, and drinking fountains serving the altered  
22               area, are readily accessible to and usable by individuals with  
23               disabilities where such alterations to the path or travel or the  
24               bathrooms, telephones, and drinking fountains serving the altered area  
25               are not disproportionate to the overall alterations in terms of cost and  
26               scope. 42 U.S.C. § 12183(a)(2).

27           21.    Sales counters and service counters shall comply with 904.4.1 or 904.4.2.  
28    The accessible portion of the counter top shall extend the same depth as the sales or

1 service counter top. 2010 ADA Standards § 904.4. Forward Approach. A portion of the  
2 counter surface that is 30 inches (760 mm) long minimum and 36 inches (915 mm) high  
3 maximum shall be provided. Knee and toe space complying with 306 shall be provided  
4 under the counter. A clear floor or ground space complying with 305 shall be positioned  
5 for a forward approach to the counter. 2010 ADA Standards § 904.4.2.

6 22. Here, Defendants failed to provide a sales and service counter below the  
7 maximum height of 36 inches allowed by the Standards.

8 23. A public accommodation shall maintain in operable working condition those  
9 features of facilities and equipment that are required to be readily accessible to and usable  
10 by persons with disabilities by the Act or this part. 28 C.F.R. 35.211(a).

11 24. By failing to maintain the facility to be readily accessible and usable by  
12 Plaintiff, Defendants are in violation of Plaintiff's rights under the ADA and its related  
13 regulations.

14 25. The Business has denied and continues to deny full and equal access to  
15 Plaintiff and to other people with disabilities. Plaintiff has been and will continue to be  
16 discriminated against due to the lack of accessible facilities, and therefore, seeks  
17 injunctive relief to alter facilities to make such facilities readily accessible to and usable  
18 by individuals with disabilities.

## 19 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

### 20 **VIOLATION OF THE UNRUH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT**

21 26. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
22 paragraphs in this complaint.

23 27. California Civil Code § 51 states, "All persons within the jurisdiction of this  
24 state are free and equal, and no matter what their sex, race, color, religion, ancestry,  
25 national origin, disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sexual  
26 orientation, citizenship, primary language, or immigration status are entitled to the full  
27 and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services in all business  
28 establishments of every kind whatsoever."





provided), telephone facilities, adoption agencies, private schools, hotels, loading places, places of public accommodations, amusement, or resort, and other places in which the general public is invited, subject only to the conditions and limitations established by law, or state or federal regulation, and applicable alike to all persons.

34. California Civil Code § 54.3(a) states, “Any person or persons, firm or corporation who denies or interferes with admittance to or enjoyment of public facilities as specified in Sections 54 and 54.1 or otherwise interferes with the rights of an individual with a disability under Sections 54, 54.1 and 54.2 is liable for each offense for the actual damages, and any amount as may be determined by a jury, or a court sitting without a jury, up to a maximum of three times the amount of actual damages but in no case less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and any attorney’s fees that may be determined by the court in addition thereto, suffered by any person denied the rights provided in Section 54, 54.1, and 54.2.

35. California Civil Code § 54(d) specifies, “a violation of the right of an individual under Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-336) also constitute a violation of this section, and nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the access of any person in violation of that act.

36. The actions and omissions of Defendants alleged herein constitute a denial of full and equal accommodation, advantages, and facilities by physically disabled persons within the meaning of California Civil Code § 54. Defendants have discriminated against Plaintiff in violation of California Civil Code § 54.

37. The violations of the California Disabled Persons Act caused Plaintiff to experience difficulty, discomfort, and embarrassment. The Defendants are also liable for statutory damages as specified in California Civil Code §55.56(a)-(c).

#### **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### **CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE § 19955, et seq.**

38. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior paragraphs in this complaint.



1           39. Plaintiff and other similar physically disabled persons who require the use of  
2 a wheelchair are unable to use public facilities on a “full and equal” basis unless each  
3 such facility is in compliance with the provisions of California Health & Safety Code §  
4 19955 et seq. Plaintiff is a member of the public whose rights are protected by the  
5 provisions of California Health & Safety Code § 19955 et seq.

6           40. The purpose of California Health & Safety Code § 1995 et seq. is to ensure  
7 that public accommodations or facilities constructed in this state with private funds  
8 adhere to the provisions of Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 4450) of Division 5 of  
9 Title 1 of the Government Code. The code relating to such public accommodations also  
10 require that “when sanitary facilities are made available for the public, clients, or  
11 employees in these stations, centers, or buildings, they shall be made available for  
12 persons with disabilities.

13           41. Title II of the ADA holds as a “general rule” that no individual shall be  
14 discriminated against on the basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of goods  
15 (or use), services, facilities, privileges, and accommodations offered by any person who  
16 owns, operates, or leases a place of public accommodation. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a).  
17 Further, each and every violation of the ADA also constitutes a separate and distinct  
18 violation of California Civil Code §§ 54(c) and 54.1(d), thus independently justifying an  
19 award of damages and injunctive relief pursuant to California law, including but not  
20 limited to Civil Code § 54.3 and Business and Professions Code § 17200, et seq.

## 21                                   **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

### 22                                   **NEGLIGENCE**

23           42. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
24 paragraphs in this complaint.

25           43. Defendants have a general duty and a duty under the ADA, Unruh Civil  
26 Rights Act and California Disabled Persons Act to provide safe and accessible facilities  
27 to the Plaintiff.  
28

1 44. Defendants breached their duty of care by violating the provisions of ADA,  
2 Unruh Civil Rights Act and California Disabled Persons Act.

3 45. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligent conduct, Plaintiff  
4 has suffered damages.

5 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

6 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully prays for relief and judgment against  
7 Defendants as follows:

8 1. For preliminary and permanent injunction directing Defendants to comply  
9 with the Americans with Disability Act and the Unruh Civil Rights Act;

10 2. Award of all appropriate damages, including but not limited to statutory  
11 damages, general damages and treble damages in amounts, according to proof;

12 3. Award of all reasonable restitution for Defendants' unfair competition  
13 practices;

14 4. Reasonable attorney's fees, litigation expenses, and costs of suit in this  
15 action;

16 5. Prejudgment interest pursuant to California Civil Code § 3291; and

17 6. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

18 **DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY**

19 Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff hereby  
20 demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

21  
22 Dated: March 7, 2024

SO. CAL. EQUAL ACCESS GROUP

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24  
25 By: /s/ Jason J. Kim  
26 Jason J. Kim, Esq.  
27 Attorneys for Plaintiff  
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